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G.T.N. ARTS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

(Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University || Accredited with 'B' Grade by NAAC)

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - NOVEMBER - 2021

(UNDER OUTCOME BASED EDUCATION (OBE) PATTERN)

Programme: M.Sc. Physics Date: 04.02.2022

Course Code: 20PPHC32 Time: 10:00 AM - 1:00 PM

Course Title : Quantum Mechanics - II Max. Marks : 60

Q. No.	SECTION - A (10 * 1 = 10 Marks) Answer ALL Questions			K - Level
1.	The method of partial wave is an elegant procedure for the analysis of scattering.			K2
	1.partial	2.null		
	3.elastic	4.inelastic		
2.	In bound states, the energy eigen values are	·	CO1	K1
	1.positive	2.negative		
	3.neutral	4.complex		
3.	The transition probability denoted by the letter	·	CO2	K2
	1.T	2.P		
	3.ω	4.3		
4.	Which quantity is said to be degenerate when $H\Psi_{\boldsymbol{n}}$	$= E_n \Psi_n$?	CO2	K1
	1.Eigen Vectors	2.Eigen Values		
	3.Eigen Functions	4.Operators		
5.	Quantum mechanics claims, if two wave functions becomes zero, this is	are the same, the total wave function	CO3	K2
	1.Leibnizhsprinciples	2.Uncertainty principle		
	3.Pauli principle	4.Archimedes principle		
6.	Particles that are described by antisymmetric wave statistics and are called	functions are said to obey Fermi-Dirac	CO3	K1
	1.symmetric	2.degeneracy.		
	3.fermions	4.bosons		
7.	The orbital angular momentum L=is a con	stant motion in such a central field.	CO4	K2
	1.r x p	2.r x s		
	3.r.p	4.r . l		
8.	In hydrogen atom classification of energy levels, th	ne F(ρ)=	CO4	K1
	$1.f(ho)~e^{- ho}$ $3.f(ho)~e^{ ho}$	$2f(ho)~e^{- ho}$ $4.f(ho)~e^{-i}$		
	$3.f(ho)~e^ ho$	$4.f(ho)~e^{-i}$		

9.	Eigen values of a self-adjoint operator is			K2			
	1.always 0	2.imaginary					
	3.infinite	4.real					
10.	No distinction can be made between and and both	are referred to as	CO5	K1			
	1.ψ	2.H					
	3.L	$4.\pi$					
Q. No.	SECTION - B (5 * 4 =	= 20 Marks)	CO(s)	K -			
	Answer ALL Questions			Level			
11. (a)	Explain the representations of quantum system.		CO1	K2			
(l ₂)	[OR		CO1	W2			
(b)	Explain partial wave analysis.		CO1	K2			
12. (a)	Outline the time dependent perturbation theory. [OR	1	CO2	K2			
(b)	Classify the physical significance of transition prob		CO2	K2			
13. (a)	Show the Pauli exclusion principle.		CO3	K2			
[OR]							
(b)	Derive the expression for Pauli spin matrices for a	n electron.	CO3	K2			
14. (a)	State and explain the free particles solution.		CO4	K3			
[OR]							
(b)	Explain the separation of the equation.		CO4	K3			
15. (a)	Derive the expression for time derivation. [OR	1	CO5	K3			
(b)	Define the classical Lagrangian non relativistic equ		CO5	K3			
Q. No.	SECTION - C (3 * 10	= 30 Marks)	CO(s)	K -			
	Answer any			Level			
16.	Explain the theory of Born approximation.		CO1	K2			
17.	Explain the first order perturbation and harmonic p	perturbation.	CO2	K2			
18.	Give a brief explanation about identical particles.		CO3	К3			
19.	Examine the particle in a coulomb field.			K4			
20.	Examine briefly the 'N' representation.		CO5	K4			
